CAN'T OPEN BRANCH BANKS.

COMPTROLLER DAWES'S DECISION REGARDING NATIONAL BANKS. se Holds That They Cannot Transact Their Resiness at More Than One Office Quotes Law and Precedent for His Decision-The Question Raised in New York City Deing to recent discussion regarding the power of national banks to transact their busi-ness at more than one office, A. B. Hepburn, Vice-President of the National City Bank of this city, recently submitted to the Hon. Charles G. Dawes, Comptroller of the Currency

the following question: Under the existing National Bank law may sot a national bank, organized and doing busi-ness within a city, town or village, open an effice in another part of the same city, town or village for the purpose of receiving deposits and doing business auxiliary to the business conducted at its main office or banking house? To this question the Comptroller replied yes-

terday in the following ruling: terday in the following ruling:

"Your letter of Oct. 21, 1898, asking the here
or not a propriety and consists with
tion could be man, to the
trains of
branches by national teach
has had my careful attention. With the assist-

ance of Deputy Comptroller Murray I have ce of Denuty Comptroller Murray I have epared a statement of the legal view of the testion held by the office, which is as follows: In the first place, it would seem that the pestion is settled in the negative by reference section 5.134 of the Revised Statutes of the alted States, which section provides apecific which is a settled in the organization certificate of a name of the courts to be the paper which primarily tablishes the corporation; the date of the section of the organization certificate is the certificate is the certificate.

date of the springing into existence of the cereoration.

Raid section 5.134, above mentioned, provides that the organization certificate must show five things: (1) it must give the name; (2) the place where its operations of discount and deposit are to be carried on; (3) the amount of the capital stock; (4) the names and places of the capital stock; (4) the names and places of residence of the shareholders, and (5) it must show why the certificate was made.

The exact innurage of the second part of section 5.134 is as follows;

Second The place where its operations of discount and deposit are to be carried on, designating the State, territory or district, and the particular county and city, town or wilage.

If branch banks were intended by Congress to be allowed, the reading would necessarily be;
The places where its operations of discount and deposit are to be carried on, designating the State of States, Territory or Territories, district or districts, and the particular county or countes, eity or etites, town or towns, village or villages.

counties, city or cities, town or towns, villages or villages. "Section 5.154 of the Revised Statutes authorizes the conversion of State banks into national banks, and gives, in detail, what must be done in order to accomplish the conversion. "Section 5155 granted the special privilege to State banks having branches to retain them when ther were converted to the national system. If it was intended that national banks should have been required than to have allowed the State banks simply to convert, but the special privilege was given to State banks having branches to retain them, provided they would come into the national system last beautiful the power to retain them, provided they would come into the national system has been construed by every Comptroller to be absolutely conclusive on the point that newly organized banks were not authorized by law to have branches."

newly organized banks were not authorized by law to have branches.

"Morse, in his treatise on banks and banking, says that there are always six questions which naturally arise in regard to the business of a bank, the most important ones being: (1) When can the bank do business? and(2) Where must it be done? Under the head 'Place,' he says that a bank has its legal home in the State by which it is created; or, in case of a national bank, the State in which it is located; in that State is its domicile, and in that State it is a clizen for the purpose of being sued in any State or Federal court. I quote now from his language:

anguago:

But such ordinary business as its organic
aw gives it power to do it may, by its agents,
ransact in any other State, unless prohibited
by its charter or by the laws or policy of such

transact in any other State, unless prohibited by its charter or by the laws or policy of such by its charter or by the laws or policy of such State. "He further states: "Agencies for specific purposes, as for the redemption of bills or the dealing in bills of exchange, may be established in other places. In these cases it is for the conventence of the public that such should be the case. But there is no case which holds that an agency for the exercise of the more important and valuable functions, such as issuing efficient and valuable functions, such as issuing efficient of the carry on the general business of banking, would be regarded as legal. For such nominal establishment of agencies might easily result in the practical establishment of a network of branch banks throughout the home State or in other States." Morse also makes the following statement, and eites cases to support it:

"Some business, such as receiving deposits, certifying checks and giving information of most kinds, must be done at the banking house or place set apart for this purpose by the bank, and cannot be done, so as to bind the company, by an officer away from the bank.

"In the case of Armstrong vs. Second National Bank of Springfield, 38 Fed. Rep., 83, the syllabus reads as follows:

"Inder U. S. R. S., section 5.190, providing that "the usual business of each national banking association shall be transacted at an office or banking house located in the place specified in its organization certificate," a national bank cannot make a valid contract for the cashing of checks upon it at a different place from that of its residence, through the agency of another

cannot make a valid contract for the cashing of checks upon it at a different place from that of its residence, through the agency of another

of its residence, through the agency of another bank.

The court, in its opinion in the case above cited, uses the following language:

If, now, we turn to section 5,190 of the United States Revised Statutes, we find it enseted that 'the usual business of each national banking association shall be transacted at an office or banking house located in the place specified in its organization certificate." Under this section it certainly would not be competent for a national bank to provide for the cashing of checks upon it at any other place than at its office or banking house.

If a branch bank could do anything, it could cash checks drawn upon it, but here the court says specifically that it is incompetent for a national bank to provide for cashing the checks at any other places (not places) than at its office or banking house.

After a review of the law bearing upon this

bational bank to provide for cashing the checks at any other place into places) than at its office or banking house.

"After a review of the law bearing upon this question. I find myself unable to make any modification in the ruling, which has been made uniformly by my predecessors, forbidding the opening of branch banks within the city limits."

TOOK ANOTHER WOMAN'S PURSE.

Dry Goods Store Detective Charges Mrs. Gottlieb with Theft.

Mrs. Louise Gottlieb of 600 Lenox avenue, a fashionably dressed woman wearing a good deal of jewelry, was arraigned in the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday afternoon charged with having stolen a pocketbook containing 95 cents. The prisoner was arrested on Monday afternoon in O'Neill's dry goods store on Sixth avenue by Detective Kenny of the Central Office and Miss Louise Eltoft, one of the store detectives, who found in her possession a pocketbook that had just been lost by Miss Katie Kelly of 500 East Eighly-sixth

oy, Miss Katle Kelly of 500 East Eighly-sixth street.

The detectives stated in court that they had been watching Mrs. Gottleb for three or four weeks. They say she was in the habit of sending two or three hours daily in the stores without buying anything. They saw her on Monday in the store of Simpson, Crawford & Simpson, and followed her to O'Keill's store, where. Miss Eiroft says, she saw her take the picketbook which Miss Kelly had put beside as one of the counters.

been on one of the counters.

Mrs. Gottlieb denied the charge, and said that she had mistaken the pockethook for her own. She said that she is 49 years old, and that her husband is a prominent mechanical engineer. Her husband and several of her friends were present in court to testify to her character. The Court held her in \$100 ball for trial.

BIG SHIPMENTS OF SPIRITS. Japan's Heavy Purchase for Use in Making

Smokeless Powder.

PEORIA. Ili., Nov. 1.—The internal revenue collections for October in the Peoria district amount to over \$2,200,000, which is far above the average at this season. The unusual de-mand is due to the efforts of this and other Governments to supply themselves with smoke-Governments to supply themselves with amore-less powder, of which spirits are an important tomponent. The standard Distilling Company has just sent a special train of twenty-three oars of aprits to san francisco, consigned to the apanese Government, which will use it in the manufacture of smokeless powder. The ship-ment made nearly a million gallons and paid over \$1,000,000 tax. Two more large ship-ments for Japan have been ordered for early in hovember. Since the war broke out the Peoria distilleries have sold over 4,000 barrels of spirits to the United States Government to be used in the manufacture of smokeless powder.

Tonoxio, Nov. 1.-Owing to frequent murders where the motive was insurance money, the Canadian insurance companies have decided tot to asue any policies on married women except in cases where women are the bread winners of families or entirely independent of their husbands.

CAMP THOMAS A PEST HOLE.

What the War Investigating Committee Discovered on Its Trip South.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 .- A majority of the sembers of the War Investigating Committee will resume the examination of witnesses here to-morrow morning. The commission is well satisfied with the management of Camp Cuba Libre, but is not impressed with the healthfulness of Florida as a permanent camping ground. Anhiston and Huntaville are believed to be excellent locations, but the troops at the latter place, who are nearly all regular soldlers, are poorly sheltered. Here it was the Quarter-master's Department that was criticised.

Camp Thomas, Chickamaugua Park, was, in the opinion of the commission, a pest hole. Chickamangua Park was an excellent camping ground, but the commission believes that there was bad management from the begin-ning. It commenced with the laring out of the camp, the brigading of regiments and the as-signment of camp sites. Lack of judgment in this regard was very evident, much of the better ground not being utilized at all. The next fault was in the lax discipline prevailing at Camp Thomas. Men were not taken care of

next fault was in the lax discipline prevailing at Camp Thomas. Men were not taken care of by their regimental commanders, and the higher officers falled to enforce orders regarding camp sanitation.

Medical authorities disagreed as to the character of the disease affecting the soldiers and as to the cause of the ilineas, and the commission was astounded yesterday when Dr. Martin swore that he reported the terrible condition of the camp and was threatened with court-martial unless he retracted his statements. It was remarked among the commission after his testimony that the only mistake he made was in not adhering to his charges and facing the music. The testimony, the commission believes, has shown that the volunteer officers were largely responsible for ilines in their commands. At the same time there are members of the board who disapprove of certain army plans. They oppose the division hospital system, and favor a regimental, instead of a brigade, commissary. Sick menshould be under the direct charge of the Colonel of their regiment, and it is better to have a regimental commissary to draw rations than to have each company draw its own provisions from the depot.

Gen. Graham's recommendation that the army regulations be changed regarding the location of sinks has also favorably impressed the board. They agree that kitchene against the administration of the Commissary Department, the commission believes, was properly adminishered, but there were individual cases of bad management which indicate that some new regulation regarding the hospital corps may be afforded.

A recent magazine article describing Miss Clara Barton's work in Guba has been read by the commission, and its author and Miss Barton for aupplies for the sick instead of getting them from the Government.

WAR INQUIRY AT LEXINGTON.

Criticism of Quartermaster's Department-

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 1,-Among the witsion here to-day was Gen. J. C. Bates, who commanded a division at Santiago. He was asked to tell why the troops were not more surf was running high and that it was almost was a great wonder that many limbs were not broken, and he thought he got off well by losing only two men. Gen. Bates blamed the Medical Department for not sending medical stores in more abundance, and he said he thought the Quartermaster's Department was negligent in not getting equipments and munitions to the front. By hard work, the General said, he got ambulances to Cuba, and there would have been none to take off the wounded at the first battle had he not done so.

Capt. George Duncan, Assistant Adjutant-General on Gen, Henry's staff, contradicted Surgeon-Major Lewis L. Seaman, who had charge of the transport Obdam that brought sick soldiers to New York from Porto Rico. He said Dr. Seaman had orders to equiphis boat, and that he did not do so if it was not properly equipped; that he had written as well as verbal orders from Gen. Henry to take no sick men on board; that only men who could stand the long trip around by Santiago, the way the boat had to go, should be taken. He had disobeyed these orders. losing only two men. Gen. Bates blamed the

Surgeon Havard to Testify Before Commis-

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Lieut.-Col. Valery Havard, Chief Surgeon of the Fifth Army Corps during the greater part of the Santiago campaign, who is now on sick leave of absence. not yet been summoned to appear before the Investigation Commission, but it is expected that he will be asked to testify. Many officers believe that Col. Havard's testimony is indispensable from the fact that he was the chief medical officer in Santiago province during most of the time when the scandals connected with the administration of the medical department were most freely circulated. The Investigating Commission will undoubtedly question him in regard to the scandalous condition of affairs on several of the army transports, notably the Seneca and Concha, which sailed from Santiago for the United States in July and August.

Board of Officers to Meet on Nov. 9 to Recommend Promotions for Gallantry. WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.-The following army rders were issued to-day:

Capt. Charles E. Reiffer, Assistant Surgeon, to Fort Meade, South Dakota, and Capt, Grote Hutcheson, Assistant Adjutant-General to the Commanding General Department of the Missouri, for temporary duty as Adjutant-General.

A board of officers will assemble at Washington on

Nov. 9 for the purpose of making recommendations honor, and certificates of merit for the officers and calisted men who participated in the campaigns of Santiago, the Philippines and Porto Rico. Detail for the Board—Brig. den. Theodore Schwan, Brig. dep. H. H. Boynton, Lieut. Col. W. H. Carter, Assistant Adjutant-General.

callisted men who participated in the campaigns of the Board—Brig. Gen. Theodore Schwan, Brig. Gen. H. H. Boynton, Lient.-Col. W. H. Carter, Assistant Adjutant-General.

Major Edward C. Carter, Brigade Surgeon to Chickamanga Park, and assume charge of the Sternberg Genesal Hospital, to relieve Major R. Emmett eiffin, Chief Surgeon. Major Giffin will await orders at Chickamanga Park.

Be ond Lieut. William F. Hare, Sixth United States Art.liery, detailed as depot commissary at Camp Wilsoff to relieve Capt. Morton J. Henry.

recond Lieut. Lafayette A. Dorrington, Second Regiment United States Voluntee/Infantry, relieved at headquarters. Department of the Missouri, to join har giment at Santiago.

Li ut.-Col. Frederick G. Hodgson, Quartermasser, to Cincinnation public business apperiaming to the Quartermaster Department; un er Instructions from La Quartermaster Department; un er Instructions from La Quarterma ter-General of the Army.

An Army Retiring Board will meds at the earliest practicable date at Fort Columbus, N. Y., for the examination of such officers is may be ordered before it. Detail for the board: Col. Charles C. Byrns. Assistant Surgeon General; Col. Charles C. Byrns. Assistant Surgeon General Surgeon, United States Army; Major George Andrews, Assistant Adjutant. Col. John N. Cod. Thirteenth United States Infantry; (of report in person to Col. Charles C. Byrne. Assistant Surgeon General, President of the Army Hetiring Board fer examination by the board.

Capt. Edward W. Winfield, United States Volunteer Signal Corps, now under treatment in the Josiah Simpson General Hospital, to his home and await orders pending the muster out of his company.

Acting Assistant Surgeon John E. Bacon, from Chickamanga Fark to Fort Hanceck, N. J.; Second

REGIMENT ORDERED HOME.

First Volunteer Engineers to Quit Porto Rico in a Fortnight.

WARBINGTON, Nov. 1 .- It has been decided to order the First Volunteer Engineers from Porto Rico to New York within two weeks. Col. Griffin, commanding the regiment, had a consultafin. commanding the regiment, had a consulta-tion with Secretary Algor to-day, as a result of which it was agreed that the organization should spend diffeen days in New York city upon its arrival from Porto Rico, and then re-ceive a sixty days furiough with say. During its stay in New York the command will be the guests of one of the local regiments. Many of the members of the regiment culisted from New York.

CAPTAIN O'KEEFE'S FALL

TUMBLED DOWNSTAIRS AT THE EN GEL DINNER AND IS BADLY HURT.

The Police Captain's Skull Was Injured and One Side Is Parnlyzed—Now in St. Vin-cent's Hospital, and May Die—The Dinner Was a Fast One, Even for "de Ate." Police Captain John M. O'Keefe of the Eldridge street station is in St. Vincent's Hospital to-day, suffering from an injury which may prove fatal. At an early hour yesterday morning Capt. O'Keefe fell down a flight of stairs at Fleisser's Hotel, at Greene and Houston streets, sustaining an injury which may prove to be a fracture of the skull. Capt. O'Keefe was a guest at Martin Engel's birthday dinner, which began early on Monday night and was not over at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, the hour when Capt. O'Keefe started to go downstairs and lost his footing. The dinner was a great affair in "de Ate" and a great many dozen gold-capped bottles were opened during Its progress. Some of Capt. O'Keefe's friends say that he had an attack of

apoplexy or epilepsy just as he reached the head of the stairs; others say that he just alipped and fell. Everybody at the Engel dinner who could speak said something, and Capt, O'Keefe had just made a few remarks, when he started to leave the dining hall. He walked to the head of the stairs, which are narrow and treacherous, where, it is said, somebody spoke to him. He turned around suddenly, lost his footing and fell. His head struck on an iron bar at the bottom and he was lying on the floor unconscious when his friends got to him. An effort was made to arouse him, but it was futile. Then messengers were hustled out for doctors. One messenger rang for an ambulance. Surgeon Curtin and an ambulance from St. Vincent's Hospital arrived at the hotel a few minutes after 2 o'clock. There were a number of physicians, there at the time, so Dr. Curtin went away. At 4 o'clock there was a second call and this time the ambulance took capt. O'Keefe to the hospital. After working for two hours over the injured man, without restoring him to consciousness, the dectors had come to the conclusion that Capt. O'Keefe was nrore seriously injured than they had at first supposed and advised the recall of the ambulance.

An examination at the hospital revealed the and fell. His head struck on an iron bar at the

was more seriously injured than they had at alrist supposed and advised the recall of the ambulance.

An examination at the hospital revealed the fact that Capt. O'Keefe had sustained injuries in the head and that his left side was entirely paralyzed. A consultation of physicians was called at once and it was admitted by all that the Captain's condition was very serious. Every effort was made to restore the injured man to consciousness, but it was in vain.

The dinner at which the accident occurred was supposed to be a surprise to the Hon. Martin Engel, a saloon keeper, who is also the Tammany leader of the district. Mr. Engel was 52 years of age on Monday and when the surprising committee got around to lug him off to the dinner they found him all ready and in a dress suit. It is the Hon. Mr. Engel's prond boast that he knows all that goes on in his district. The cream of society in de Ate' was at that dinner, and most of it there early, because tickets cost \$10 each, and some of the guests remembered the cold deal that Tin Sullivan sprang on them at his annual outing last summer, when he sold \$.000 tickets at \$50 each and then supplied food for 2.500 people. At these social functions in "de Ate" it is always wise to get around early and secure a seat.

Mr. Engel and other political lights were

At these social functions in "de Ato" it is always wise to get around early and secure a seat.

Mr. Engel and other political lights were ablaze with brilliants, and the diamer certainly was a red-hot affair. The wine flowed like, water and everybody drank it save Tim Sullivan, who never drinks, but who contented himself with his usual speech. Things were pretty lively at 1 o'clock, but Capt. O'Keefe was the only one who met with any accident.

Capt. O'Keefe is one of the best known officers in the Police Department. He is a large man, weighing nearly 200 pounds. He joined the police force as a patrolman in 1871, was made a roundsman in 1894 and a Sergeant in 1892. He was promoted to a Captainey in 1893 and last year was an Acting Inspector for six months. Then he went to the East Sifth street station. He is a great friend of Martin Engel and went on the annual chowder of the Engel Association last summer with several of his policemen and detectives.

Inspector Cross gave out a statement at Police Headquarters yesterday to the effect that Capt. O'Keefe's fall was the result of a stroke of paralysis. He said that the Captain had been in poor health for some time. Late resterday afternoon it was said at St. Vincent's Hospital that Capt. O'Keefe's some time. Late resterday afternoon it was said at St. Vincent's Hospital that Capt. O'Keefe was very low and that little hope was entertained of his recovery.

Dr. Curtain of the house staff of St. Vincent's

ery.

Dr. Curtain of the house staff of St. Vincent's
Hospital said last night that the condition of
Capt. O'Keefe was serious. It was due to cerebrai hemorrhage resulting from concussion of
the brain. Dr. Pheips also said that Capt.
O'Keefe's condition was serious, but that there
had been a slight change for the better.

COL. ANDERSON'S PROMOTION.

To Be Made a Brigadier-General for Gal-lantry at Manila.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.-Col. Thomas H. Anderson of the Fourteenth Infantry will be pro-moted immediately to fill the existing vacancy in the list of Brigadier-Generals of the regular army. Col. Anderson commanded one of the divisions of Gen. Merritt's army during the fighting which led to the fall of Manila, and for gallant conduct on that occasioni was promoted to be a Major-General of volunteers.

Gen, Anderson entered the volunteer army as a private in 1881 and was soon after appointed a Second Lieutenant of cavairy in the regular service from the State of, Ohio. For meritorious conduct in the battle of the Wilderness he was brevetted Major, and for similar services in the battle of Spottsylvania was brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel. In September, 1886, he was made Colonel of the Fourteenth Infantry, and held that command until the breaking out of the Spanish war.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 .- These naval orders

have been issued: Paymuster T. S. Thompson, to Boston for examnation for promotion, then home and wait orders: Lieut, T. W. Ryan, from the command of the Peoria to the command of the Rodgers; Lieut. J. L. Jayne, from the Rodgers to command the Peoria; Passed Assistant Engineer J. B. Patton, from the Brooklyn to the Massachusetts: Pay Director Caspar Schenock (retired), from the Naval Home to his home and to settle accounts: Pay Inspector R. P. Lisle, to the Naval Home; Lieut H. A. Wiley, to the St. Mary's: Passed Assistant Engineer J. H. Mittendorff, from the Massachusetts to home.

These ofheers who were commissioned for the war have been honorably discharged from the naval service; Lieut, W. H. Elliott, Ensign J. F. Tatem, Naval Cadet J. G. Montgomery, Passed Assistant Engineer W. H. Badlam, and Assistant Engineer W. H. Badlam, and Assistant Engineer W. G. Goodman, McCaull Pate, J. P. Morris, T. Dimon, and C. H. Treat. Assistant Engineer J. B. Patton, from the Brooklyn

Disastrous Season for Gloucester Fishing Fleet.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Nov. 1.-The season's record of disaster to the fleet of fishermen which leaves this port has been made up. The season has been unusually severe. The reckoning is 14 vessels lost, 82 men drowned, 23 wives made widows, and 55 children left fatherless. The losses, including partial wrecks during the February gale, will approximate \$100.000, the greater part of which is borne by the local fishing insurance company.

ZIKIMIKO KIKIMIKI KIKIMIKI KIKIMI To cure that Gout drink Lithia Water.

Kennedy cortlandt



You may pay double our prices, but can't get equal style.

NO MIDDLEMAN'S PROFIT.

MUSTERING OUT OF THE NINTH. The Date Postponed to the Middle of the Month-A Denial.

"The Ninth Regiment Armory in West Four-teenth street was just as busy yesterday as it has been ever since the regiment returned. It had been expected that the men quartered there would be moving out, as orders had beeng iven to be prepared to be mustered out, and the regiment assembled for that purpose and the regiment assembled for that purpose on Monday. The Paymaster's accounts were not quite ready, however, so the actual mustering out was postponed until the middle of the month. Four companies will get their discharges on the 15th, four on the 16th and four, with the field, staff, and band, on the 17th. The pay will, of course, run to Nov. 15, and each man is entitled to draw rations up to the time he is paid off and discharged. About 200 of the men are now living in the armory and drawing rations, the rest of them having returned to their homes.

Col. Greene denied vesterday that there was any truth in the report, published in certain morning papers, that some of the officers of the regiment had served without having heen sworn in. He said that the fact of an officer having drawn pay was sufficient evidence that he was duly sworp in and commissioned.

14TH NEW YORK MUSTERED OUT The Men Paid to Oct. 37, but They Expected

Money for Five Days More. The Fourteenth Regiment, New York Volum teers, was formally mustered out of the United States service yesterday at the armory in Eighth avenue, Brooklyn. The paying off of the men began on the arrival of the paymaster, Major J. J. Edson, at D o'clock, and by nightfall all of the twelve companies had reseived their money. On the average each volunteer private received about \$50, which inunteer private received about \$50, which included the pay up to Oct. 27, the day upon which they would have been mustered out had the order from Washington been strictly compiled with. The delay, it was said yeaterday, was due to the muster rolls not being completed, but nevertheless the men expected to be paid for the five additional days. When they learned yesterday that the extra money was not to be forthcoming a general complaint arose. Then the men were forced to leave the armorry.

armory has the harmonic armory armory of the fourteenth, will go back to his old command in the Fourth Regular Cavalry. Adjt. Foley is to join his old regiment at Athens, Ga.

BURNED BY EXPLODING NAPHTHA. Four Men Injured in a Blow-Up at the Eagle Oll Works.

Four men employed in the washhouse of the Eagle Oil Company's works at Caven Point, Jersey City, were burned by an explosion of naphtha, which occurred about 10 A. M. veserday. The injured men are William Chister of 37 Bostwick avenue, Patrick Jordan of 73 tegman avenue. James Meehan of the same address and Mark Days of 227 Halladay street. Meehan was very badly burned and may die

Mechan was very badly burned and may die. The others will probably recover. Days was taken home, and the others were sent to St. Francis's Hospital.

The explosion occurred in a room in which naphtha is freely used in a cleansing process. Steam is turned into the room every morning to drive out the accumulated gases. Just what caused the explosion is not known. The explosion made a terrific noise, and drove a piece of machinery through the north wall of the building. The workmen were thrown prostrate on the floor. Flames followed the explosion, and it was with difficulty that the men escaped being cremated. The company has a well-drilled fire department. Immediately after the explosion every man was at his station, and those who have charge of the fire apparatus fought the flames so successfully that the fire was nearly extinguished when the city firemen arrived. The damage to the building is about \$500.

RAILROAD TAXES IN NEW JERSEY Assessments Increased Sixteen Millions-Taxes \$1,586,110.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 1.—The State Board of Assessors submitted to Comptroller Hancock o-day a statement showing the assessments made for the year against railroad and canal property for purposes of taxation. The aggre gate of these valuations is \$236.464.256, an increase of about sixteen millions over lastyear. The Pennsylvania Rallroadsystem is the heaviest taxpayer, being assessed at \$56,203,403 and taxed \$429,373. The Central Rallroad system pays \$332.948 on \$51,061,573 valuation, and the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western system pays \$294,799 on \$43,852,022 valuation. The other tax figures are: Philadelphia and Reading, \$49,771; Eric. \$159,013; New York, Susquehanna and Western, \$57,182; Lehigh Valley, \$137,890, and rallroads not classified. \$125,120.

The total amount assessed against the rallgate of these valuations is \$236,464,256, an in

The total amount assessed against the rail-oad and canal companies is \$1,586,110.14. TRADESMEN'S BANK AFFAIRS.

Satisfactory Arrangement Made for Taking Care of Its Depositors.

Depositors in the Tradesmen's National Bank, to the aggregate of \$650,000, have accepted notes payable four months from Oct. 4, the day the bank closed, and bearing 4 per cent. erest. Three banks have offered to advance all the money necessary to pay off the remain-

all the money necessary to pay off the remaining depositors, representing in excess of \$300, 000, these banks to be secured by collateral of the Tradesmen's Bank nominally of double the amount advanced.

The directors of the bank wish a voluntary liquidation to be granted by the Comptroller, as the expenses of a receivership will thereby be saved and there will be no delay in the payment of depositors. In case such liquidation is ordered, it would be conducted by a committee of three directors. Some of the directors talk of a reorganization of the bank afterward.

BANKS IN OUR NEW ISLANDS.

Comptroller Dawes Will Advise That Our Banks Establish Branches There.

Charles G. Dawes, Comptroller of the Cur-rency, had lunction on Monday afternoon at the Lawyers' Club and discussed with a number of bankers methods of extending our banking system to our newly acquired territory. Henry W. Cannon, Calvin S. Brice, R. A. C. Smith, Charles R. Flint and W. Schall, Jr., were among those he talked with. It is understood that Mr. Dawes will surgess that Congress grant authority for the establishment of branch banks in Cuba, Porto Rico and our other new possessions by banks already established in the United States.

Workman Killed at the Barge Office. John McManus, 45 years old, who lived near Second avenue on 1024 street, was killed at the Barge Office yesterday afternoon. He was repairing the Barge Office chimneys, and was thrown to the roof of the extension, twenty feet below, by the breaking of a derrick. He received a fractured skull and internal injuries, and died before the doctor arrived.

The Weather.

Fair weather prevailed quite generally over the country yesterday, except cloudiness and shower in the lake regions and upper Mississippi valley, due to an area of low pressure moving eastward, with a trough of depression extending southwest to north-ern Texas. Areas of high pressure covered the At-

lantic and Rocky Mountain States.

There was still some indication of the storm near Florida. The wind at Jupiter was blowing thirty-two miles an hour from the northeast. It was colder with freezing tamperature in the Rocky Mountain States and thence gast as far as lows. It was warmer in all the lake States and the Ohio valley. Frost occurred in Virginia, Georgia, Maryland, Pennsylvania.

New York and northern New England. In this city the day was fair; highest temperature 51°, lowest 44°, humidity 55 per cent.; wind shifted from northwest to southwest, average velocity 10 miles an hour; bacometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M. 30.34, 3 P. M. 30.34. The temperature as recurded by the official thermometer and also by THE SUN'S thermometer at the street level is shown in the annexed table:

Official Sun's Officia Sun's 1896. 1897. 1896. 1897. 1896. 1897. 1896. 1897. 1896. 1897. 1896. 1897. 1896. 1897. 1896. 1897. 1896. 1897. 1896. 1897. 1896. 1897. 1896. 1897. 1 For New England and eastern New York, partly cloudy; warmer; high southwesterly winds Court Calendars This Day.

Court Calendara This Day.

Appellate Division—Supreme Court.—Receas.

Supreme Court—Appellate Term.—Receas until
Wednesder, Nov. 9, 1888.

Supreme Court—Appellate Term.—Becass until
Wednesder, Nov. 9, 1888.

Supreme Court—Appellate Term.—Part 1.—Motion
calendar called at 10:30 A. M. Part II.—Court opens
at 10:30 A. M. Exparie matters. Parts III., 17, V.,
VI. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term. Fart VI.—
Motions from Special Jean. Fart 1. Trial Term.—
Parts II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI.
and XII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Caurt—Chambers.—For probate—Wills
of Bridges Weldon E.m. Researt, John N. Riggio,
Albert E. Unger, John McMahon, at 10:30 A. M.,
Thomas G. Rigney, st. P. M. Trial Term.—No day
calendar.

Oly Court—Special Term.—Court opens at 10 A. M. calendar.

On Court—Special Term. Court opens at 10 A.M. Motions at 10:30 A.M. General Term.—Adjourned sine dis. Parts L. II., III. and IV.—Adjourned for the term.

A TRIBUTE OF SCIENCE.

Synopsis of a most Remarkable Lecture Delivered Before the Ninth Medical Congress, by Dr. A. L. A. Toboldt, of the University of Pennsylvania.

The famous fountain of health

at Carlsbad, in Behemia, which has been the refuge of invalids for five cesturies, is certainly well worthy of a careful study. My experience with this remedialagent has been such that I may truly say that no remedy which I ever employed has given me so much pleasure and profit as this particular one. Selecting a number of chronic hypochondriacs, whose afflictions have baffled all my previous efforts as my subjects, I was truly aston-ished to note that, although no rigid diet was prescribed, and only a limited amount of exercise was indulged in, I obtained most remarkable results-the complexion, even after a week's use, began to clear up, the step be-came more firm and elastic, and, what was more, the entire host of hypochondriacal complaints, seemed to vanish like mist.

NAVY YARD NOTES.

The Texas to Arrive To-Day and Go Into Dry Dock for Repairs.

The battleship Texas has been ordered to the Brooklyn Navy Yard for necessary repairs. While steaming down the Delaware River, on her return from the Peace Jubilee at Philadelphia, she struck a piece of timber and

delphia, she struck a piece of timber and knocked off part of the sheathing that protects her propeller-shaft. She will arrive at the yard to-day and will go into dry dock on Friday.

The druiser Brooklyn is now ready for sea service, and her officers and men are expecting to receive orders daily directing them to proceed to the European station.

The cruiser Chicago is rapidiy approaching completion. Her main battery of four 8-inch guns has been mounted and workmen are now engaged in mounting the 6-pounders and automatic rabid-fire guns.

As soon as the gunboat Wompatuck is dismantled of her small-calibre guns she will be added to the regular force of yard tugs for transportation purposes.

A STREET SET ON FIRE.

Heavy Curbstones Cracked and Chipped and Shade Trees Injured. PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 1.-In celebrating

Halloween last evening boys on the east side upset a barrel of lubricating oil belonging to a construction company which is asphalting Van Houten street. The oil flowed along the curb Houten street. The oil flowed along the curb of a portion of the street which had just hardened. The boys set fire to the sheet of oil and soon all the length of the block was aflame, extending at one point to the centre of the street, where the barrel had stood. Engine Company No. 7 put out the blaze. The asphalt melted down to the concrete foundation and will have to be reset. The heavy bluestone curbs were cracked and chipped for a distance of seventy-five feet, and shade trees along the sidewalk were badly damaged. The construction company will suffer heavily.

Real Estate Private Sales.

S. W. B. Smith has sold to an investor the two two-story flats Nos. 1346 and 1348 Fifth avenue for \$32,000 sech.

Pease & Elliman have sold for J. H. Hameraley for about \$75,000 the four-story dwelling with a three-story extension, on lot 24x95, No. 414 Madison avenue.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold No. 32 West Seventy-fifth street, a four-story high-stoop dwelling, size 20x60x bath extension x102.2, for Andrew Little to a Mr. Blackwell. Terms private. This house is advertised to be sold at auction to-day by Mr. Harnett.

H. Sokolski & Son have sold for II. Lisk the six-story brick tenement, 25x90x100, No. 134 Madison street, for about \$41,000.

The same firm has also sold for S. Wise the four-story brownstone building on the east side of Second avenue, 80 feet north of Fiftieth street, for about \$18,000.

William A. White & Sons have sold for the estate of Josephine L. Peyton Nos. 31, 33 and 35 Sullivan street, a plot with a frontage of 60 feet, with old buildings. The purchaser will improve the property.

Herzog & Cohen have sold for John Volz to Isidor Blank the five-story double flats, with stores. No. 1713 Third seque.

Herzog & Cohen have sold for John Volz to Isidor Blank the five-story double flats, with stores, Ne. 1713 Third avenue. Mr. Blank gives in part payment the three-story single flat and private stable No. 154 East Eighteth street.

Borgstade & Klenke have sold for George Stolz 3769 Third avenue, the four-story brick flat, with stores, 26,6x75x95, at \$20,000: also for Schmuck & Monlag the three-story dwelling on the south side of 135th street, 346 feet west of Willis avenue, at \$6,000: also for J. H. Borgstede the plot 100x100, east side of Union avenue. 50 feet south of 161st street, at \$16,000: also for George J. Fernschild the southeast corner of 163d street and Trinity avenue, 20x100, at \$6,000.

Beal Estate Auction Sales.

At the New York Beal Estate Salesroom yesterday William Rennielly sold, in foreclosure, the brick and frame buildings, on plot 125x 100.5, Nos. 535 to 547. West Forty-fifth street, to B. Shanley for \$30,000: also, in foreclosure, the two five-story brick stores and flats on plot 20.6x70. Nos. 1930 and 1932 Lexington avenue, to S. Ashner for \$52,100.

James I. Wells sold, in foreclosure, the plot, 44.85x79.83x29.85x78.44, on Anthony avenue southwest corner of Jerome Park Railroad lands, and 700 feet north of the Southern Boulevard, to the plaintiff, Henry S. Trenchard, for \$800. Boulevard, to the plaintiff, Henry S. Trenchard, for \$800.

Peter F. Meyer & Co. sold, in foreclosure, the eight-story brick store building, on lot 25x98.9, No. 114 West Thirty-fourth street, to the plaintiff, Samuel Heyman, for \$120.080; also, in

SUBSTITUTION

the FRAUD of the day. See you get Carter's, Ask for Carter's.

Insist and demand CARTER'S Little Liver Pills The only perfect

Liver Pill.

Take no other, Even if Solicited to do so. Beware of imitations of Same Color Wrapper

AN EASY SOLUTION. To determine which is best, COMPARE THEM. You will readily find out that

RED.



H. B. KIRK & CO.,

partition, the four-story brick tenement, on lot 22x102.2, No. 215 East Seventy-fourth street, to Kempner Bros. for \$8,100.

New Buildings.

Plans were filed with the Department of Buildings yesterday for the following new buildings; yesterday for the following new By Charles J. La Grassa, for a seven-story apartment house and stores, 100x99, at the southeast corner of Ninety-sixth street and Boulevard; architect, C. Steinmutz; cost, \$200,000.

By Alexander Cores, owner, acting for Oliver Hazarri Perry Belmont as lessee, for a new two-story stable, 50x20.6, at 677 Fifth nvenue, north of Fifty-third street; architect, James Stroud; Cost, \$4,000.

By John Paterne, owner, for two five-story flats and stores, MOXES, at the north side of 112th street, 140 feet west of Amsterdam arenue; architect, M. V. B. Ferndon; cost, \$64,000.

Benl Estate for Sale-Brooklun. FOR SALE-Three-story brick house, with stable in rear, 188 High street, Brooklyn, Inquire on premises. WILLIAM FINNEY.

Beal Estate at Auction.

PETER F. MEYER, Auctioneer, THURSDAY, Nov. 3, 1898. at 12 o'clock, at the New York Real Estate ! SUPREME COURT FORECLOSURE SALE JOHN H. ROBAN, ESQ. REFEREE, the ten three-star and basement, high stoop, brick and stone dyellings, with lots, NOS. 78, 80, 86, 90, 92, 94 AND 96

between 188th and 188th arrects,

NOS. 309, 311 AND 323 WEST

138TH STREET.

For maps, terms, &c., apply to Shipman, Larocque
& Choste, Eags. Plaintiff's Attorneys, 40 Wall st.,
and at the auctioneer's, 111 Broadway.

Edgecombe Avenue,

Eo Zet for Business Burposes.

BUILDINGS, STORES, LOFTS AND OFFICES TO let; a large number.
RULAND & WHITING, 5 Beekman at. RULAND & WHILLIAM, 5 Deckman at PIFTH AV., 92, near 14th st.—Sincle room, second floor, and entire third and fourth floors, to lease together or separate.

MACLAY & DAVIES, 44 Pine st.

STORES, 1825 and 1827 Park av., each \$26, and \$106 East 125th st., \$50; will be altered to suit

MACLAY & DAVIES, 44 Pine st., or WEBER & LEACH, 105 East 125th st TRACY BANK BUILDING, southeast corner Pearl and Beekman sts.; Store, 105 Beekman st., and That Back has sta; Store, 105 Beekman st., an unusually light offices at moderate rents. MACLAY & DAVIES, 44 Pine st. WALL ST., do, running through to 80 Beaver st. Light offices with all modern convenience low rents. MACLAY & DAVIES, 44 Pine st.

Flars and Apartments Co Zet. DESIRABLE FLATS.

Steam best, hot-water supply and all improvements.

112th st., 126 and 128 West-Seven large light rooms and bath; open plumbing; rents \$35 to \$40.

113th st., 307 West, near Morningside—Six large light nooms; bath; open plumbing; \$27 to \$30.

115th st., 122 to 126 West-Six large light rooms and 116th st., 122 to 126 West—Six large light rooms and bath; rents \$24 to \$27.

116th st., 128 West—Beautiful corner flat, overlooking drive; six rooms and bath; rent \$26.

Also beautiful apartments on 7th av. drive of 4 rooms, bath, dressing room; steam heat, hot-water supply, gas range, laundry in basement and hall service; neighborhood unsurpassed; rents \$10 and \$52.

Can be seen any time. APPLY PREMISES or ERNEST TRIBELHORN.

1844 7TH AV., NEAR 112TH ST. TELEPHONE 429 HARLEM.

Nos. 315, 317 & 319 W. 58th St.

HANDSOMELY DECORATED AND ELEGANTLY APPOINTED APARTMENTS, STEAM HEATED AND HALL SERVICES, CONTAINING 7 ROOMS AND

JANITOR, ON PREMISES. Liegant New Apartments, \$18; worth \$25 six rooms and bath, heated; bay windows, open plumbing; best residential locality; convenient to elevated, trolley and rapid transit. 1442 Pacific st. near Kingston av., Brooklyn.

187TH ST., 277 AND 279 WEST—Six rooms and bath; steam heat; \$20 to \$23. 184TH ST., 195 AND 197 WEST—Five rooms and bath; steam heat, hot water; \$30 to \$23. 136TH ST., 548 EAST—Six rooms; \$12 and Apply to janitors on premises, or MACLAY & DAVIES, 44 Pine st.

Select Board.

FOR THE WINTER SEASON ONLY. At especially reasonable rates. Parties requiring elegant accommodations for the winter season only are invited to inspect a few suites of large, sunny rooms facing Broadway, opposite Bond st., in there-built BROADWAY CENTRAL HOTEL, Excellent ta-ble and service.

FOR PARTICULARS of high-class boarding houses and rooms and suites in private families call MANHATTAN APARTMENT COMPANY, 1183 Broadway, who inspect everything.

25TH ST., 116 EAST (near Madison Square).—Two 72D ST., 168 EAST.—Large, attractive square 72D room; running water; bath adjoining; parlor dining room; references. West Side.

13 TH ST., 129 WEST.—Prettily furnished heated front room, southern exposure; running water; hall room, with closet; reference. 10TH ST., 10 WEST.—Handsome large and single rooms; excellent table; pleasant home to persons locating permanently. 1974 St., 41 WFST.—Clean, tidy rooms; good table; central location; Quaker management translents; references exchanged.

54TH ST., 318 WEST.—Comfortable room with board: two young ladies, employed: \$4.50 per week each; home privileges; two flights. BRITT. Select Board-Brooklun.

HENRY ST., 356.—Large sunny room; also single rooms, with first-class board, \$5 to \$8; near Lurnished Booms & Apartments to Zet A PARTMENTS.—Bachelor apartments, rooms, suites, furnished or unfurnished.

WE INSPECT EVERYTHING.

High class only. MANHATTAN APARTMENT COMPANY, 1138 Broadway.

Esset Side.

40 TH ST., 117 EAST.—A large and a small from room, sunny exposure, in private family. 47TH ST., 10 EAST.—Furnished rooms, with or without board; large back parlor; southern ex-West Side.

WASHINGTON PLACE, WEST, 64.—Pleasant square room, suitable for two; also side room; 12TH ST., 155 WEST.—Large handsome room for two gentlemen; private house; reasonable.

27TH ST., 43 WEST.—Cory and homelike steam heated rooms; \$2 per week and upward. 33 D ST., 2 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms with private bath, en suite or single, second and third floors; references. LELAND. 99D ST., 49 WEST.—Square and hall rooms, nice old ly furnished; ateam heated; southern exposure; electric bells.

94 TH ST., 142 WEST.—Private family will let gentleman handsomely furnished room; break-fast optional; references. Aurnished Booms To Let-Brooklyn. PINEAPPLEST. 63, Brooklyn Heights, near Bridge. —Pleasant rooms, every convenience, with or without meals.

Bianofortes, Organs, &c.

BARGAINS.—Upright piano, \$75; Chickering grand, \$150; squares, \$20 up; easy payments.
CHRISTMAN, 19 East 14th st.

BARGAINS - New upright planes, \$125; Sohmer Steinway: sacrifices. WINTERROTH, 105 East 14th st. and 114 5th av. GORDON UPRIGHTS, new. \$7.00 mo. \$250.00
Gordon, slightly used. \$8.00 mo. \$200.00
BEN 18 LOW. Large variety to select from.
GORDON's, 139 Fifth av., bet. 20th and 21st sts. Labor Englishment, alightly used, \$60 to \$125; rent. RELIABLE Connor planos; guaranteed high grade medium prices; easy terms; repting, exchang-ing, repairing. 4 East 42d.

ing, repairing, 4 East 42d.

CTKINWAY & BONS, 100e East 14th at. New York, O offer for sale a large stock of used planos of their own and other manufacture, acquired by exchange for new Helinway planos. Rebuilt Steinways will be fully guaranteed. The prices range for Steinway uprights \$1500; Steinway grands \$400; Steinway squares \$200 and upward. Other makes uprights \$100; grands \$150; squares \$50 and upward. Bewart of bogus Steinway planos at private and public sale. \$45. MEDIUM size upright piano: special bar-gain; monthly payments. Factory, WESER BROS., 524 West 43d st.

\$70. FULL SIZE upright, good order: rent \$8 monthly Factory, WESER BROS., 524 West \$133. EXTRA large fancy walnut, with orchesters and tramole attachment. Factory, wented BEOTHERS, 634 West 484 st. Minnofortes, Organs, &c

WEBER PIANO WAREROOMS, CORNER 5TH AV. AND 18TH ST.

\$185.00.

either in cash or sasy monthly payments, will buy a full-sized STUTVESANT UPRIGHT PIANO, 716 octaves, modern improvements, accompanied with a five years guarantee.

This instrument may be exchanged at any time within five years from date of purchase for a Law WEBER PIANO or a new WHEELOCK PIANO, when a fair allowade will be made, or if exchanged within one year the full price paid for same will be allowed. Catalogues and full particulars mailed free to any

OLD INSTRUMENTS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE. WEBER PIANO WAREROOMS.

PEASE PIANOS.

Direct from factory to purchaser, at prices that decrempetition: easy turins. SPECIAL BARGAINS in slightly used pianos. Call or write for catalogus. PEANE PIANO CO., 816-820 West 43d at a user 8th av.

PIANO BARGAINS.

Fifty High Grade MATHUSHEKS, slightly used, in his order, cuty \$130, \$175, to \$250, \$239 terms. Explanateable for new within one year. Induitely better and cheaper than new LUDDEN & BATES, 137 5th av.

Post Office Motiet.

POST OFFICE NOTICE. Should be read DAILY by all interested, as changes

(Should be read DAILY by all interested, as changed may occur at any time.)

Foreign mails for the week ending Nov. 5, 1898, will close (FROM PILY in All cases at the General Post Office as follows: PARCEAS POST MALES close one hour earlier than closing time shown below.

TRANSATIANTIC MAILS.

WEDNESDAY—At PA. M. complementary 10:80.
A.M. for EUROPE, per steamhip Eritanic*, via Queenstown; at 10:30 A. M. for BELGIUM direct, per steamship Noordiand, cia Antwerp dettermines be directed. Per Noordand C. SWITZEB-LAND THAN PORTUGAL. TURKEY, EGYPT and BRITISH INDIA per steamship MANY, DENMARK, SWEDEN, NORWAY (Christiania), and HUNSIA, per steamship Maley, via Brenien. Guerrick of the Complement of the Complemen HELGIUM, NETHERLANDS, AUSTRIA and NOR-WAY (Borgen), per steamship Etrurias, via Queenstown detters for other parts of Europa must be directed "per Etruria"; at 8 A. M. for NETHIRIANDS direct, per steamship Rotter-dam, via Rotterdam dettars must be directed. "per Rotterdam"; at 9 A. M. for TALY, per steamship Auguste Victoria, via Naples detters must be directed "per Auguste Victoria"; at 10 A. M. for SCOTLAND direct, per steamship Ethi-opia, via Glasgow detters must be directed "per Ethiopia").

Ethiopia").

PRINTED MATTER, &c.—German steamers sailing on Tuesdays take Printed Matter, &c., for Germany, and Specially Addressed Printed Matter, &c., for other parts of Europe. American and White Star steamers on Wednesdays, German steamers on Thursdays, and Cunard, French and German steamers on Saturdays take Printed Matter, &c., for all countries for which they are advertised to carry mail.

After the closing of the Supplementary Transallautic Mails named above, additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French and German stamers, and remain open until within Ten Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

ers, and remain open until within Ten Minutss of the hour of sailing of steamer.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA,
WEDNIESDAY.—At 8:30 A. M. for LA PLATA COUNTRIES direct, per steamabil Belianoch; at 10 A. M. for SANTIAGO DE CUBA. per United States transport; at 12 M. for GRENADA, TRISTIDAD and TOBAGO, per steamabil Trawado, at 22 de 12 10:30 A. M. for BRAZII. and LA FLATA COUNTRIES, per steamship Gailieo, via Pernambuco, Baoia and Rio Janeiro (letters for North Brazil must be directed "per Galileo"); at 11 A. M. for BRAZIL and LA FLATA COUNTRIES, per steamship Capri, via Rio Janeiro (letters must be directed "per Capri"); at 12 M. for NEWFOUNDLAND, per steamship Silvia; at 13 M. for BRAZIL and LA FLATA COUNTRIES, per steamship Roman Prince, via Rio Janeiro (letters for North Brazil must be directed "per Roman Prince"); at 1 P. M. for NORTH BRAZIL, per steamship Lisbonense, via Para, Maranham and Ceara; at 1 P. M. (supplementary 1:30 P. M. for PORTO RICO, VEREZ. mentary 130 P. M.) for PORTO BIGO, VEMEZ-UELA and CURACAO, also BAVANILLA and CAB-THAGENA, via Curacao, per steamship Philadel-phia; at 8:30 P. M. for NEWFOUNDLAND, per steamer from North Sydney.

phis; at 8:30 P. M. for NEWFOUNDLAND, per steamer from North Sydney.

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Halifax, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for Cuba close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for Cuba close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for Cuba close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for Cuba close at this office daily at 7:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. Stegnistered mail closes at 6 P. M. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for China and Japan, per steamship Empress of China (from Vancouver), close here daily up to Nov. 28 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for China, Japan, and Hawaii, per steamship City of Rie Janeiro (from San Francisco), close here daily up to Nov. 4 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Hawaii, per steamship Australia (from San Francisco), close here daily up to Nov. 10 at 0:30 P. M. Mails for Australia (except West Australia), New Zealand, Hawaii and Fili Islands, per steamship Aorangi (from Vancouver), close here daily up to Nov. 10 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for China and Japan, per steamship Jorangi (from Vancouver), close here daily after Oct. 28 and up to Nov. 10 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for China and Japan, per steamship Jorangi (from Vancouver), close here daily up to Nov. 25 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Australia (except those for West Australia, which are forwarded via Europe), New Zealand, Hawaii, Fili and Samoen Islands, per steamship Moana (from San Francisco), close here daily up to Nov. 25 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Australia.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of sailing daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. \$ Registered mail closes 6 P. M. previous day. COERICIUS VAN COTT, Postmaster.

Post Office, New York, N. Y., Nov. 1, 1998.

BRedicul.

A TTENTION.—OLD DR. GRINDLE. GRADUATI
A UNIVERSITY OF THE CITY OF MEW YORK.
MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, 35 YEARS A SPECIALISY
IN DISEASES OF MEN. OLD DR. GRINDLE has
been longer established and has had more experience
than any other advertising physician; city papers
prove this. Under his scientific treatment blood and
skin diseases, pain in bones, red spots, sore throat
and month, ulcers, painful swellings, kidney and
biadder complaints, scalding inflammations, gravel,
undeveloped organs, weak back, lost vitality, are
speedily, bermanently cured. Men about to marry
should consult old D Rr. GRINDLE. Every impediment removed. Sufferers do not waste time visiting
leas skilful physicians. Remember, old D R. GRIN.
DLE never falls. OFFICE OVER 16 YEARS at 171.
West 12th st., between 6th and 7th avs. Advice fres.
Medicine, 31. Hours, 4 to 9; Sundays, 9 to 3.

OLD DR. GREY, 45 years a specialist in
diseases of men only. Quickest permanent sure
guaranteed in all diseases. Blood poison, skin diseases, kidney and bladder trouble, weakness, nervous debility, errors of youth, bad dreams, undeveloped organs, impediments to marriage, &c. Bewiss,
consult the only old specialist in the city. Office,
over 35 years at 120 East 17th st., near Union
square. Hours b to 9; Sundays, 9 to 8. Scientific
reatment and advice free. Medicine only 50 cents.
No charges unless cured.

A —DR AND MRS. SIMPSON, the leading specialcitats in New York successfully treat all female

No charge unless cured.

A —DR AND MRS. SIMPSON, the leading special-A-jate in New York, successfully treat all female complaints and irregularities; 25 years' experience; private sanitarium; trained nurses; treatment guarranteed; free condential advice, 9 to 9. 51 West 85th st., near Broadway.

A.—A.—Q. U.I.C. R.E.S. T. P.E.R.M.A. E.N. E. CURE: in diseases of men; dangerous cases solicited; relief at once; those destring only first-class scientific treatment should call. The leading specialist, Dr. Bonschur, 127 West 22d st., 9 to 3, 7 to 5, 8 undays, 10 to 1. A. DR. CONRAD'S SANITARIUM.—Scientific, skiff-A. full treatment of all diseases of women; private rooms; every convenience and appliance; consulta-tions, p.A. M. to 9 P.M. Call or write for booklet, 117 West 47th st. Tcl. 3820 88th.

DR. MRS. REINHARD treats female irregularities; single or married, 30 years' experience. 711 7th DR. BLINN, 177 West 47th st., near B'way; special-ties obstetries and diseases of women; hours 8-1,

CANCERS, tumors, and malignant growths ourse without the use of the knife. DR. MATHER'S Medical Institute, 7: Grand st., Jersey City, N. J. Book free. FOR the better class-Private Medical Clinic, 266 Willissy, 138th st., cast of 3d av.; moderate. M. R. GEIST, graduate midwife, boards ladies, confidential, reliable treatment; strictly private ac sign. 887 East 60th st.